

# **SCHOOL OF LAW**

# **CURRICULUM AND SYLLABUS**

(Applicable for Students admitted from Academic Year 2020-21)

# ONE YEAR LL. M DEGREE PROGRAMME IN INTERNATIONAL LAW

**SCHOOL OF LAW** 

# Regulations for Introduction of One-Year LL.M. Degree Programme

# Introduction

The School of Law to expand its horizon in legal education has decided to introduce One year LLM program commencing from 2020-2021. In this regard, the School of Law has established a Centre for Post-Graduate Legal Studies (CPGLS) as per the UGC regulations, which will have a dedicated team of senior teachers competent to guide post-graduate scholars.

# **Centre for Post Graduate Legal Studies**

There shall be a Centre for Post-Graduate Legal Studies (CPGLS) established from among the Departments/Faculty of Law pursuant to these regulations to conduct the program.

# **Admission**

No student shall be eligible for admission to LL.M. One-Year programme in School of Law unless he/she has passed in the examination conducted by a University leading to the award of LL.B. degree.

The admission to One Year LLM programme in School of Law shall be based on merit decided on the basis of an All India Admission Test conducted specifically for this purpose, with the objective of testing aptitude for teaching/research, legal reasoning, and comprehension/basic legal knowledge. The Admissions Test will be for 70% of total marks of the test and the rest of 30% will be equally distributed based onwork experience, publications, and statement of purpose.

# **Credits**

The one year LL.M. programme shall have 24 credits with three mandatory courses of 3 credits each (making a total of nine credits), six optional courses of 2 credits each (making a total of 12 credits) and a dissertation of 3 credits.

# **Duration**

One-year full time

# **Eligibility**

Three Years/ Five Years LLB degree from any Indian or Foreign University recognized by University Grants Commission with at least 45% marks or equivalent grade.

# **Course Structure**

The course structure/curriculum for One-Year LL.M. shall have the following components:

SL. NO.	NATURE OF SUBJECTS	CATEGORY	NUMBER OF SUBJECTS	SUBJECT CREDIT ALLOTTED	TOTAL CREDIT POINTS
1	Foundation/CompulsoryPapers	CC	05	3	15
2	Optional/SpecializationPapers	ОС	04	2	08
3	Dissertation	DC	01	3	03
	Total	56		26	

# **Medium of Instructions**

English

# **Program Pattern**

Semester-2 Semesters

# **Assessment**

The courses will have 30% continuation assessment evaluation, 20% term paper, and 50% written examination. The continuous assessment may include Seminar Presentations, One written test, Viva Voce Essays Project, Group projects, open problems, Work based Assessment, Multiple choice Questions Problems, Short Answer Questions etc..

# **Standard of Passing**

The assessment of the student for each examination is done, based on relative performance. Maximum Grade Point (GP) is 10 corresponding to O (Outstanding). For all courses, a student is required to pass both internal and external examination separately with a minimum Grade Point of 4 corresponding to Grade P. Students securing less than 40% absolute marks in each head of passing will be declared FAIL. The University awards a degree to the student who has achieved a minimum CGPA of 4 out of maximum of 10 CGPA for the programme.

# **Evaluation of Students**

The evaluation of students in a course shall broadly be based on two segments.

Continuous evaluation by the teacher(s) of thecourse.

Evaluation through a semester examination

# **Grades & Divisions**

After the evaluation, the School of Law will allot only grades to the students for the LL.M Degree

# **Examination**

The Centre of Post Graduate Studies shall hold examinations for awarding LL.M. Degree as far as possible according to the following Scheme:

Conduct of SemesterExaminations

The Centre of Post Graduate Legal Studies shall conduct all examinations; the Centre along with academic calendar shall notify the Schedule of examination in the first week of every semester.

# **Award of Degree**

Master of Laws (LLM) shall be awarded at the end of the course by taking into consideration of the performance of all Semester examinations after obtaining minimum 4.00 CGPA out of 10 CGPA.

# The One year LL.M degree programme would comprise of the following courses

	LL.M., (International Law)											
	(26 CREDIT STRUCTURE)											
	FIRST YEAR - SEMESTER – I											
SL. NO	COURSE CATEGORY	COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	L	Т	Р	С					
1	СС	LLM4701	Law and Justice in a Globalizing World	3	0	0	3					
2	CC	LLM4702	Legal Research and Writing	3	0	0	3					
3	CC	LLM4703	Comparative Public Law	3	0	0	3					
4	ос	LLM4704	General Principles of International Law	2	0	0	2					
5	OC	LLM4705	International Aviation law	2	0	0	2					
			Total	13	0	0	13					
			FIRST YEAR - SEMESTER – II									
SL. NO	COURSE CATEGORY	COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	L	Т	Р	С					
1	СС	LLM4716	International Economic Law	3	0	0	3					
2	СС	LLM4717	International Commercial Law	3	0	0	3					
3	OC	LLM4718	International Law of Outer Space	2	0	0	2					
4	ОС	LLM4719	Private International Law	2	0	0	2					
5	5 DC LLM4720 Dissertation 0 0 3 3						3					
			Total	10	0	3	13					

# SEMESTER - I

COURSE TITLE	LAW AND JUSTICE IN A GLOBALIZING WORLD			CREDITS	3
Course Code	LLM4701 Course CC Category (CF)			L-T-P-TCH	3-0-0-3
CIA	30% / 20% term paper			ESE	50%

# **Prerequisites:**

#### **MODULE 1 JUSTICE IN GLOBALIZING WORLD: EXISTING SCENARIO**

Globalisation as Process - Existing Scenarios and Issues: Economic, Social, Political - Rethinking the Idea of Just World Order - Emergence of Transnational Law in a Globalizing World - Impact of Globalization on Sovereignty of States - Impact of Globalization on Federalism and Democratic Law Making

#### **MODULE 2 GLOBALIZATION AND FREE MARKET**

Impact on welfare state - Natural Resources - Environment - Displacement for Development - Problem of Unemployment

# **MODULE 3 GLOBALISATION AND NATIONAL JUSTICE DELIVERY SYSTEM**

Avoidance of National Jurisdictions - Intervention of International Human Rights Regime - Third World's Perspectives to Globalisation

#### **MODULE 4 EMERGING INITIATIVES FOR JUSTICE**

MNCs and CSRs - Other New Initiatives - Global Ombudsman - Protection of Faiths and Culture

#### MODULE 5 THE DOCTRINE OF PRECEDENT AND GROWTH OF LAW

Precedent - Judicial creativity and judicial activism - Problem of democratic accountability - Indian experiences

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Andrew Kuper, Democracy Beyond Borders: Justice and Representations in Global Institutions (OUP, 2006).
- 2 Anthony McGrew, David Held (eds.), *Governing Globalization: Power, Authority and Global Governance* (Polity Press, 2002).
- Boauventura de Sousa Santos, Cesar A. Rodriguez-Garavito (eds.), *Law and Globalization from Below* (Cambridge University Press, 2005).

- 1 Joseph Stiglitz, Making Globalisation Work: The Next Step to Global Justice, Pengiun 2007
- 2 Antony Anghie (Editor), *The Third World and International Order: Law, Politics, and Globalization,* Kluwer Law International, 2003

	COURSE TITLE	LEGAL RESEARCH AND WRITING			CREDITS	3
	Course Code	LLM4702	Course Category (CF)	СС	L-T-P-TCH	3-0-0-3
Ī	CIA	30% / 20 %	term paper		ESE	50%

# **MODULE 1 INTRODUCTION**

- **a.** Definition and Meaning of Research Objectives- Motivation Significance-Interrelation between Research and Knowledge- Levels and Types of Knowledge
- **b.** Types of Research Descriptive vs. Analytical, Applied vs. Fundamental, Quantitative vs. Qualitative, Conceptual vs. Empirical, and other types like Historical and ActionResearch

#### **MODULE 2 LEGAL RES EARCH**

Definition and Meaning of Legal Research- Objectives- Motivation-Significance - Objectives & Research Process Types- Evolutive, Explicative, Identificatory, Projective - Collative, Impact Analysis, Interactive, Interpretative - Social Value and Research, Logic and Research, Scientific Method and Research

#### **MODULE 3RES EARCH METHODS**

DoctrinalorTraditionalResearchMethods-Meaning,Characteristics,MeritsandDemerits - Non-Doctrinal or Empirical Research- Meaning, Characteristics, Merits and Demerits - Socio- Legal Research Methods: Need and Significance - Induction and Deduction ResearchMethods

# **MODULE 4 RESEARCH METHODS IN LEGAL RESEARCH**

Research Method and Research Methodology- Definition, Meaning, Significance - Doctrinal Research Method and the varioussteps - Non-Doctrinal Research Method and the varioussteps - Qualities of a GoodResearcher - Criteria for a GoodResearch - Obstacles to Good Research in India

#### **MODULE 5 LEGAL WRITING**

Legal Writing – Meaning and Significance - Research Report Writing – Dissertation & Thesis - Footnotes – Blue Book Citations - ILI Format – MLA Format – Bibliography - E-Resources and Plagiarism - knowing legal publication market

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Tiwari H.N., Legal Research Methodology, Allahabad Law A gency, Haryana, 1997,2003
- 2 Kothari C.R., Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, 2nd Edition, New Age International Publishers
- 3 Wilkinson & Bhandarkar, Methodology and Techniques of Social Research, Himalaya PublishingHouse

- 1 Verma S.K., Wani Afzal M (Ed)., Legal Research and Methodology, 2nd Edition Indian Law Institute, New Delhi, 2001
- 2 My neni S.R., Legal Research Methodology, Pioneer Books, Allahabad Law Agency, Haryana, 3rd Edition, 2006

COURSE TITLE	COMPARATIVE PUBLIC LAW			CREDITS	3
Course Code	LLM4703	Course Category (CF)	СС	L-T-P-TCH	3-0-0-3
CIA	30% / 20% term paper			ESE	50%

#### **MODULE 1 PUBLIC LAW AND ITS ROLE IN GOVERNANCE**

Nature of Public Law - Distinction between public and private law - Scope of Public law - Constitutional law, Administrative law and Criminal law - Basic concepts of Public Law - Principles of Accountability and Public Law

# **MODULE 2 CONCEPT OF CONSTITUTION**

Meaning and Idea of Constitution, Nature and objectives - Living Constitution - Organic Constitution - Constitution as Fundamental Law

# **MODULE 3 STUDY OF COMPARATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL LAW**

Relevance - Problems and Concerns in Using Comparison

# **MODULE 4 CONSTITUTIONAL FOUNDATIONS OF POWERS**

- a. Supremacy of Legislature in Law Making
- b. Rule of Law
- (i) Dicey's Concept of Rule of Law
- (ii) Modern Concept of Rule of Law
- (iii) Social and Economics Rights as Part of Rule of Law
- c. Separation of Powers
- (i) Concept of Separation of Powers
- (ii) Checks and Balances
- (iii) Separation of Powers or Separation of Functions

# MODULE 5 COMPARATIVE CRIMINAL LAW- COMMON LAW, CIVIL LAW AND COMPARATIVE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Domestic Violations-International, National - Provisions relating to Rape - Plea Bargaining-USA, India - White Collar Crimes - Juvenile Justice French concept of Separation of Powers and Administrative Courts - Droit Administratiff - Administrative courts in France - Councel d' etat - Scope of Judicial Review in UK - Scope of Judicial Review in US - Public Interest Litigation in India and US

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Christopher Forsyth, Mark Elliott, Swati Jhaveri, Effective Judicial Review: A Cornerstone of Good Governance (Oxford University Press, 2010).
- 2 D.D. Basu, Comparative Constitutional Law (2nd ed., Wadhwa Nagpur).
- 3 David Strauss, The Living Constitution (Oxford University Press, 2010)

- 1 David Strauss, The Living Constitution (Oxford University Press, 2010)
- 2 Dr. Subhash C Kashyap, Framing of Indian Constitution (Universal Law, 2004

COURSE TITLE	GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL LAW			CREDITS	2
Course Code	LLM4704 Course OC Category (CF)			L-T-P-TCH	2-0-0-2
CIA	30% / 20% 1			ESE	50%

# MODULE 1 IS INTERNATIONAL LAW?: THE JURISPRUDENTIAL DEBATE

Binding nature of international law - Positivism and Its Challenge to international law - Legality of International law

# **MODULE 2 SOURCES OF INTERNATIONAL LAW**

Treaties - Customary International law - General principles of Law Recognized by Civilized nations - Subsidiary sources

# **MODULE 3 INTERNATIONAL LEGAL PERSONALITY**

States - International Organizations - Individuals - Other Non-State Entities

# **MODULE 4 STATEHOOD AND RECOGNITION**

What is recognition? - Theories of recognition - Legal criteria of Statehood - The cases of Palestine, Taiwan, Kosov

# MODULE 5 RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INTERNATIONAL LAW AND MUNICIPAL LAW & LAW OF INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

Monism – Dualism - Differences between the theories - Indian Position on the debate - History and Growth of International Organizations - Legal Personality of International Organizations - United Nations – Principal Organs: the Security Council, General Assembly, Economic and Social Council; Trusteeship Council; Secretariat and the International Court of Justice.

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Crawford, "Brownlie's Principles of Public International Law" (8th edn, 2012, OUP)
- 2 Malcolm Shaw, "International Law" (8th edn, 2018, CUP)
- 3 Jan Klabbers, 'An Introduction to International Organizational Law' (Cambridge, 2015).

COURSE TITLE	INTERNATIONAL AVIATION LAW			CREDITS	2
Course Code	LLM4705	Course Category (CF)	ОС	L-T-P-TCH	2-0-0-2
CIA	30% / 20% term paper			ESE	50%

**Prerequisites:** Nil

# **MODULE 1 INTRODUCTION TO AIR LAW**

Introduction- Paris Convention on Air Navigation 1919- British Indian Air Companies- Indian Air Craft Act, 1934- Air Craft Rules 1937- Nationalization of Air Services- International Airports Authorities in India-History of Aviation- Survey of Current Air Law in India.

# **MODULE 2 CHICAGO CONVENTION AND THE PRINCIPLES**

Chicago Conference- Rules for Air Navigation- Liberalization of International Air Transportation-Bermuda Agreement- Application of GATT Principles to International Air Transportation- Environmental Protection Measures- India and Bilateral Services Agreement

# **MODULE 3 CARRIERS' LIABILITY UNDER THE WARSAW CONVENTION**

Liability of Carriers under Indian Carriage by Air Act,1972- Warsaw Convention 1929- International Carriage- Hague Protocol 1955- Montreal Interim Agreement 1966- Guatemala City Protocol 1971.

# **MODULE 4AIRPORT POLICY**

Introduction- Privatization- Policy Issues- Current situation- Air Space Management in India

# **MODULE 5 HISTORY AND DEVELOPMENT OF AIR LAW IN INDIA**

Past present and future Overview- Air law and Aviation Policy in India- Air Routes and Aerodromes in India- Aviation Security- Development of Civil Aviation and Air Law and Policy in India- Development of Aviation in India and future outlook of National Airlines

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 | Raymond C Speciale "Fundamentals of Aviation Law" MC Grwar Hill, 2016
- 2 Ronald, "International Aviation Law: A Practical Guide" Routledge Publishers, 2015
- 3 | Michael Pearson, "Foundation of Aviation Law" Routledge Publishers, 2015

# **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1 | Paul B Larsen "Aviation Law: Cases, Laws and Related Sources,2012

#### SEMESTER - II

COURSE TITLE	INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC LAW			CREDITS	3
Course Code	LLM4716 Course CC			L-T-P-TCH	3-0-0-3
		Category (CF)			
CIA	30% / 20%	term paper		ESE	50%

# **Prerequisites:**

# **MODULE 1 INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC LAW**

Evolution of international economic law - Fundamental principles of international economic law - Institutional structure of international economic law

# **MODULE 2 INTERNATIONAL MONETARY AND DEVELOPMENT LAW: THE WORLD BANK**

Historical Background to the creation - The Law and Practice of World Bank - Decision-Making and Voting - World Bank from a developing country perspective

# MODULE 3 INTERNATIONAL MONETARY AND DEVELOPMENT LAW: INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND

Historical Background to the creation - The Law and Practice of the International Monetary Fund - Decision-Making and Voting - International Monetary Fund from a developing country perspective

# MODULE 4 BACKGROUND AND THE BIRTH OF THE WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION

Havana Charter for International Trade Organization (ITO): An Overview - GATT 1947 – An Overview - Uruguay Round and the Birth of WTO

# MODULE 5 STRUCTURAL ASPECTS OF WTO, PRINCIPLES OF WTO AND DISPUTE SETTLEMENT MECHANISM UNDER WTO

Objectives and Functions of WTO - Structures of WTO - Decision –making and Amendments to WTO - Membership, Accession and Withdrawal Most Favoured Nation (MFN) Treatment - Concept of Like Products - National Treatment Dispute Settlement under GATT 1947 - Dispute Settlement Understanding (DSU) under WTO - Implementation, Enforcement and Evaluation

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 | Prof. Raj Bhalla, Modern GATT law, Sweet & Maxwell (2005).
- 2 N.K. Jain, WTO Concepts, Challenges and Global Development. Regal Publications
- P. van den Bossche, *The Law and Policy of the World Trade Organization* (Cambridge University Press, 4th edition, 2017).

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1 Peter Gallagher, Guide to WTO and Developing Countries (2000).

COURSE TITLE	INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL LAW			CREDITS	3
Course Code	LLM4717 Course CC			L-T-P-TCH	3-0-0-3
		Category (CF)			
CIA	30% / 20% term paper			ESE	50%

#### **MODULE 1 INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL LAW**

Evolution and Development of International Commercial law from old Lex Mercatoria to New Lex Mercatoria. - UNIDROIT Principles on international Commercial Contracts: Preamble and General Principles - The Vienna Convention on International Sale of Goods (CISG): Introduction, Nature, Scope and Salient Features, Interpretation of CISG

# **MODULE 2 INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL CONTRACTS UNDER CISG, 1980**

Party Autonomy Principle - Formation of Contracts - Performance- Obligation of seller and buyer Hardship

- Remedies and Exemption

# **MODULE 3: E-COMMERCE**

Introduction - UNCITRAL Model Law on E-Commerce - The United Nations Conventions on the use of Electronic Communications in Electronic Contracts - Electronic Transactions and security issues

#### **MODULE 4INTERNATIONAL CARRIAGE OF GOODS**

International Trade Terms: INCOTERMS 2010

By Sea: Introduction, Interpretation of Hague-Visby Rules, Hamburg Rules and

Rotterdam Rules, Rights, Duties, Liabilities and Immunities of various parties

By Air: Introduction, The Warsaw System, Carrier Liability, Consignor's

Responsibilities and Rights

# MODULE 5INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS, DISPUTE SETTLEMENT AND INSURANCE

Documentary Credits - Marine and Aviation Insurance - International Commercial Arbitration

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- Roy Goodey, Transnational commercial law: International Instruments and Commentary, Oxford Publication, Goode on Commercial Law
- 2 Chow Schoenbaum, International Business Transactions: Problems, Cases, and Materials, Aspen Publishers
- J H Dalhuisen, Dalhuisen on Transnational and Comparative Financial and Trade Law, HartPublishing, 3rd Edn. 2007

COURSE TITLE	INTERNATIONAL LAW OF OUTER SPACE			CREDITS	2
Course Code	LLM4718	Course Category (CF)	ОС	L-T-P-TCH	2-0-0-2
CIA	30% / 20% term paper			ESE	50%

# Prerequisites :Nil

#### **MODULE 1 DEFINITION**

Definition of Outer space- UN Contributions- UN General Assembly Resolutions- Space Treaties-Principles of Treaties

# **MODULE 2 PRINCIPLES**

Principles- Province of Mankind- National non-appropriation- Freedom of exploration, use and scientific investigation- Common Heritage of Mankind- Jurisdiction and Control- Co-operation between the states-Astronauts as Envoys of Mankind

# **MODULE 3 LIABILITY AND REGISTRATION**

Launching State and Registering State- Liability and responsibility regime under Outer Space Treaty-Absolutely liability and fault liability- COSMOS 954- A Case Study- State Liability/ responsibility for private space activities- Registration and Identification.

# **MODULE 4 PROBLEMS OF CURRENT CONCERNS**

Question of Sovereignty and claims of proprietary rights- Human habitation on the moon and other celestial bodies- Protection of Space environment- Demilitarization of the outer space- International Space Stations and Inventions on the Outer Space.

#### **MODULE 5 SPACE LEGISLATIONS**

National Space Legislations-Commerce Oriented Approach- US and Australian Models- Other Approaches – Russian and UK Models- Indian Position - Outer Space Treaties of United Nations.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Harnam Bhayana, "Delimitation of OuterSpace",
- 2 Sandeepa Bhat B, " Space Technology and Law: Some unresolved Questions", Delhi Law Review, 2006-2007
- Astronauts: Envoys of Mankind: An analysis of Legal Basis" VS Mani, S Bhat and V Balakista Reddy (eds)

- 1 UN Conventions On Outer Space, UN Publications
- 2 | Books on International Law, Tandon, 2017

COURSE TITLE	PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW			CREDITS	2
Course Code	LLM4719	Course Category (CF)	ОС	L-T-P-TCH	2-0-0-2
CIA	30% / 20% term paper			ESE	50%

#### **MODULE 1 INTRODUCTION**

Meaning, Rules of private international law in India, Need to evolve Indian rules of private International law, Choice of law, Historical perspective, theories and development in contemporary world, local law theory and Genesis of private international law in India.

#### **MODULE 2 JURISDICTION**

Sources of private International law, Concepts and general question of civil code, Conceptual inadequacy in India, Evolution of jurisdiction in personam, Transnational disclosure, Recommendation for jurisdictional rules

# **MODULE 3 FAMILY LAW**

Personal law, Concept of Nationality, Custody of Children, Conflict in Matrimonial regime, Matrimonial causes, Alimony.

#### **MODULE 4 ARBITRATION**

Rules for choice of law, characterization, content of juridical law Act applicable, arbitration, partial recognition or enforcement, the legal recognition of foreign legal person

# **MODULE 5 FOREIGN LAW**

Enforcement of Foreign Judgements and Decrees – Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards – Evidence and Procedure – Stay of Proceeding – Proof of Foreign Laws.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Noronha, F.E., Private International Law in India, Universal law publication, 2010
- 2 Jambolker, Laxmi, Select Essays on Private International Law (Universal, New Delhi)
- 3 Lawrence Co Ilins, Dicey and Morris on Conflict of Laws (Sweet and Maxwell)

- Graveson, Ronald, "Problems of Private International Law", Recuil Des Cours Vol 1, no 141,(Layde: A.w. sijthoff. 1975
- 2 Govindraj, V.C., Conflict of Laws in India-Inter-territorial and Inter-personal Conflicts (Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2011

COURSE TITLE	DISSERTATION			CREDITS	2
Course Code	LLM4720	Course Category (CF)	ОС	L-T-P-TCH	2-0-0-2
CIA	30% / 20%	term paper		ESE	50%

Dissertation (2 credits) will be evaluated internally and externally which includes review camps, advanced research methods, dispute resolution techniques and internships.